lican; IVth, Maguire, Democrat; Vth, Loud, Republican; Vith, Barlow, Democrat; Viith, Bowers, Republican.

NORTH CAROLINA LOST.

THE REPUBLICANS NOW CONCEDE A PLU-RALITY TO BRYAN.

Raleigh, N. C., Nov. 5 (Special).-Chairman Holton, of the Republican State Committee, now admits that the State has gone for Bryan by 8,000. This figure is too small. The plurality is nearer 15,000. Linney, Republican, is elected in the VIIIth District by 1,500 majority. Some doubt has existed as to Pearson (Republican) in the IXth, but he is elected by 800 majority. Russell's (Republican) majority for Governor is not less than 12,000. The majority for the fusion nominees for State offices, excepting the Governor and Lieutenant-Governor, will reach 40,000.

The vote polled is the largest in the history of the State. The large negro countles heretofore counted for the Democrats all give old-time Republican majorities, thus proving the Republican assertion that they have heretofore been made Democratic by the most unblushing frauds. The Democrats admit that the election was perfectly fair and honest. The Republicans | Assembly remains the same-115 Republicans houses of the Legislature than two years ago.

Ninety-seven per cent of the negroes voted.
Colonel Robert M. Douglas, son of Stephen A.
Douglas, is elected Appellate Justice of the
Supremed Court.
Adjutant-General Cameron this afternoon received an application for the use of troops at Oxford to prevent a threatened riot. A company of infantry was at once ordered on duty.

#### INDIANA.

CANDIDATES FOR UNITED STATES SENA-TOR-M'KINLEY'S PLURALITY 22,179.

Indianapolis, Nov. 5.-Returns from all the counties in Indiana show McKinley's plurality to

The returns on the Legislature show that the Republicans will control the Lower House by six majority and the upper by eighteen, giving them a strong working majority for the election of a United States Senator to succeed Voorhees. The announced candidates for this office are Charles W. Fairbanks and R. W. McKeen, president of the Vandalia. Lew Wallace and John

dent of the Vandalia. Lew Wallace and John
H. Baker, Judge of the United States District
Court, are also expected to be placed in nomination in the caucus.
Indiana will be represented in the lower house
of Congress by nine Republicans and four Democrats, the latter including the old "Watch Dog"
and "Objector" William S. Holman, who is
elected for the sixteenth time after one term in
retirement.

#### TENNESSEE.

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR CLOSE-WHOLESALE DEMOCRATIC FRAUDS CHARGED.

Nashville, Tenn., Nov. 5 (Special).-The vote between Tillman (Rep.) and Taylor (Dem.), candidates for Governor, is close. The Republican State Executive Committee, while giving no figures, claims Tillman's election by a safe majori-The Democratic State Executive Committee, which yesterday claimed Taylor's election by a majority of 25,000, to-day reduced the figures, the estimate being now from 8,000 to 10,000. Official returns from several West Tennessee counties to-day gave majorities for Taylor, but the returns yet to come from back counties of East Tennessee, which always gave large Republican majorities, will greatly increase the

At Republican headquarters the following was given out: "Never in the history of elections in this State have such far-reaching and wholesale frauds been attempted or practised by Democratic managers. In Madison County, for example, where the Democratic vote in the August election was but 1.852, they claim a vote aggregating 3,700. In Haywood County they claim a Democratic majority of 1,500 to 2,000, against a Republican majority of at least 1,800 if the votes were counted as cast. In Fayette County a Democratic majority of about 800 is claimed, whereas the vote if counted as as ast would give a Republican majority of 1,000. In the IXth Congress District the Democrats claim an increased majority of 2,000, making a total majority in the district of about 9,500 over the majority in August. Never in the history of this State or any other have such outrageous and wholesale frauds been practised under the auspices of Democratic campaign managers, and notwithstanding these, the State will be Republican by safe majorities." this State have such far-reaching and wholesale

Memphis, Tenn., Nov. 5 .- At 9:30 o'clock tonight the returns in hand give the Rep a lead of about 3,000. Democratic managers claim the State by about 10,000.

# WYOMING.

THE RESULT IN DOUBT-REPUBLICANS MAY GET AT LEAST ONE ELECTOR.

Cheyenne, Wyo., Nov. 5 .- Returns from all but sixty-seven precincts in Wyoming give Bryan 26 plurality. Osborne, Democrat, for Congress, has 235; Corn, Democrat, for Chief Justice, 35. The precincts to hear from poll 2,015 votes, and a The indications are that the Republicans will have one elector and Congressman, with chances favoring the Democrats. The Legislature will be forty Republicans and sixteen Democrats on joint ballot. majority of them is claimed by both parties

# MINNESOTA.

REPUBLICANS ELECT THE GOVERNOR AND GIVE M'KINLEY 50,000 MAJORITY.

Minneapolis, Minn., Nov. 5.-There is no doubt whatever that Clough, Republican, has been elected Governor of this State by at least 8,000 Congress are elected unless it be in the Vith District, where the contest is close between Towne (Fusion) and Morris (Rep.), the chances favoring Morris. McKinley's majority in the State is about 50,000. majority. All the Republican candidates for

# KANSAS.

M'KINLEY SLIGHTLY AHEAD, WITH ONE-THIRD OF THE COUNTIES HEARD FROM. St. Louis, Nov. 5 .- Thirty-five of the 105 counties in Kansas give McKinley 42,875; Bryan, 42,756. Merrill (Rep.) for Governor, 43,488; Leedy (Fusion) 41.122. The same countries in 1802 gave Harrison 44.747; Weaver, 43.842; Smith (Rep) for Governor, 45.053; Lewelling (Fusion) 45.611.

# COLORADO.

Denver, Nov. 5.-Bryan and Sewall's majority the State will be 126,000. Watson, on the ticket with Bryan, secured 961 votes. McKinley's vote in the State will be less than 2,000. Ex-Governor Adams, Democrat, is elected Governor by 14,000. The Legis-lature will be strongly silver, not one straight Re-publican Representative being chosen.

### CLOSE VOTE IN SOUTH DAKOTA.

THE REPUBLICANS GAINING AND CLAIMING THE STATE FOR M'KINLEY.

Pierre, S. D., Nov. 5 .- Both Democrats and Re publicans are much excited to-night over the close ness of the returns, and charges and counter charges of fraud are freely made. At Fort Pierr, a number of arrests were made this afternoon for a number of arrests were made this afternoon for illegal voting, and twenty more are to follow to morrow. The situation is one of extreme tension. It is now conceded by both sides that whichever way the election goes the plurality will not be over 600 or 700. The Republicans are gaining slightly, and assurances are repeated that McKinley will get the Biate by a small majority.

The Legislature will be Populist by 12 or 15. The returns are not yet in from fifteen counties. McKinley has a lead of 650. The Populist chairman, Bowler, claims the State for Bryan by 600. The

claims the State for Bryan by 500. The

tepublican chairman, Elliott, claims it for McKinby by 700. Snowstorms in the western part of the
sate make returns slow. The slump in Republican
stimates came from the fact that the railroad and
siniar vote went solidly for Bryan.
Congressman Pickler announces his withdrawal
rom the Senatorial contest. Congressman Gamble
sinits he is elected. Senator Pettigrew has advised
republics throughout the State that the State is
sairs and the Republicans will attempt to steal it.

# COLGATE & CO.'S

# Cashmere Bouquet

TOILET SOAP and PERFUME.

SIZE OF BLACK'S VICTORY.

FULL RETURNS GIVE HIM A PLURALITY

OF 208,679.

THE NET RESULT IN THE ASSEMBLY REMAINS THE SAME. THE REPUBLICANS HAVING

LOST ANOTHER. Complete returns of the election in this State show that Frank S. Black, the Republican candidate for Governor, was elected on Tuesday have a much larger representation in both and 35 Democrats-the Republicans having gained one member in New-York since yesterday and lost one in Queens County. The vote

County.	Black.	Porter.	
Albany	21,428	18,460	384
Allegany	6,39363	3,864	95
Broome	10,680	6,136	175
Cattaraugus	9.190	5.921	158
Cavuga	17.812	5,883	150
'hautauqua	14,143	6,502	100
hemung	7.700	5,282 4,327	64
Chenango	6,561	3 110	59
Minton	5,966	4.504	149
Columbia	0.457	2,508	Git
fortland		4.428	168
Delaware	11,814	6.794	997
Dutchess		33,284	1,841
Grie		1.654	2000
Essex		2,505	63
Franklin		3,419	132
Fulton		531	-
Genesee		2,002	53
Treene	4.0140	3,806	144
Herkimer	7,880	5,201	248
Jefferson		7,500	200
Kings	104 082	79,307	5,084
		3,039	44
Livingston		3.987	0.
Madison	7.344	3,728	
Monroe		18,195	45
Montgomery		4,733	44
New-York	. 140, 150	139,726	8,079
Ningara	17,245	6.465	200
Onelda	17.245	12.028	388
Onondara	SELECTION OF THE PARTY OF THE P	15,222	422
Intarla	44 1,079.0		149
Den time	13.768	10,246	244
Orleans	4,100	2,926	93
Chemora	11,190	6,482	143
Other	A. 1405	5,820	100
Part et	6.6	1,040	615
Oneans	17,290	12,389	117
Demograture		13,195	266
District and the second of	A 100 TO	3,080	111
Rockland		5.780	106
st. Lawrence	9.716	4.000	167
aratogu	4.577	3,807	180
Schenectady		4.231	44
		1.626	45
Chuyler		3,234	46
Seneca		7.729	200
Steuben	0.126	3.886	394
Suffolk		3.068	G
Sullivan		2.796	43
Floga		3.506	100
Compkins		8.325	124
Cater		2,265	(1)
Warren	7.610	3,007	138
Washington	8,060	4.317	94
Wayne		14,900	46
Westchester		1,940	70

Plurality for Black, 208,679

### M'KINLEY'S VOTE IN THIS CITY.

780,500 571,830 22,196

PLURALITY FOR HIM RECORDED AS 20,916. Another search through the unofficial police returns of the election in this city was made yesterday, and the four returns of the vote for President which were missing on Wednesday were brought to light. The last one was the return from the Sixth Election District of the Hd Assembly District, in which 275 votes had been cast for McKinley 221 for Bryan, and 12 for Palmer. The complete vot for President, not counting votes for the Socialist-Labor and Prohibition candidates or the scattering or defective ballots, was footed up from the unoffi-cial returns as follows: 

Palmer
A recount of the police lightes in the settle
bly District showed that Jeremiah J. Sullivan, the
Republican candidate for Assembly in the district.
had beaten Otto Kempner with a plurality of only
had beaten Otto Kempher with a hand beamble Dis-
four votes. The total vote in the Assemble Dis-
triot was as follows:
Sullivan, (Rep.)
Sullivan's plurality
A review of the entire vote of the IXth Congress
A review of the entire vote of the last bad been
District showed that Timothy J. Campbell had been
badly beaten by Thomas J. Bradley. The totals
the stee street them to
Campbell (Rep.)

THE VOTE CAST IN THIS STATE.

NEARLY A MILLION AND A HALF BALLOTS IN THE BOXES-HOW THE COUNT STANDS. The total vote cast for Presidential electors in th

State was close to 1,500,000. It exceeded the total vote of 1892 by over 44,000 votes. Returns received from all counties by the United Associated Presses, with a few scattering districts to be heard from, give the

tollowing teams		40.400.000
McKinley	*************************	\$19,210
Bryan	***************	18.29
Unimer	**************	6.50
Levering (partly	estimated)	12.10
Matchett (partly	estimated)	32,315
		410.87
Total vote		* www.

The vote for Porter (Dem.) for Governor wa 14,000 in excess of the vote for Bryan, and that for Griffin (Nat. Dem.), for Governor, was 4,000 above

that east for Paimer.

Little attention has been given to counting the vote for Prohibition and Socialist-Labor candidates. Both of these parties show a decided falling off in the vote, as compared with other years.

The proposed Constitutional amendment has been voted down by a large majority.

# THREE CONTESTS IN ERIE.

Buffalo, Nov. 5.-An examination of the return of the 1st Assembly District was made to-day, and was found that a large number of votes uraccounted for. An application will be made to the Supreme Court by P. J. McDonnell, Republi the Supreme Court by P. J. McDonnell, Republican, the defeated candidate, for permission to count the ballots of his district. The district was carried by Cornelius Coughlin, Democrat, by 77 plurality. In the IVth and Vth districts similar action will be taken by John C. Mohring and Henry Streifier, Democrats, who were beaten by small pluralities by William Schneider and Charles Braun, Republicans.

A DEMOCRAT FROM THE IST QUEENS. One of the few Democratic Assemblymen to be chosen on Long Island was Thomas F. Kennedy the candidate in the 1st Queens District. He bea Charles Beckel, his Republican opponent, by 188.

ACTORS' LIVES IN DANGER.

REAL CHINESE LOOKING FOR STAGE CHINESE

WITH FELL INTENT. wonderful tale is projected from the Herald A wonderful tale is projected from the Herald Square Theatre, and the actors there say that they are terribly frightened. It may not be unknown to some who read this column that an operetta called "The Mandarin," is now running at that house, but the news will probably fall with a shock upon all that influential Chinese of the city find offence in the pictures of the Emperor of China and the mandarin which are given, and that they do not propose to stand it. What they intend to do about it is not definitely disclosed. but persons connected with the theatre speak of battle and sudden death as among the least things

to be expected. Henry Norman is the unfortunate wretch who plays the part of the Emperor, and his laundry-man, who naturally feels kindly toward him, and man, who naturally feels kindly toward him, and yet cannot forget his Emperor, has warned him. George Honey is the mandarin of the piece, and he has been told, in an indefinite sort of way, to beware. Reginald De Koven, the composer of the music, has learned that a Chinaman has been looking for him. That can clearly mean only one

The Chinese Consul, S. T. Sze, saw the operetta on the opening night, and he saw no harm in it, but his countrymen express themselves less diplomatically, and there is talk—at the theatre, at least—of an appeal to the Chinese Minister to have the play stopped or Mr. De Koven's and Mr. Norman's heads cut off, or something cheerful and lingering. It is said that two Chinese tried to get on the stage last night as members of the chorus, while a real member of the chorus who had strayed to the stage door to get a breath of air was almost arrested, under suspicion of being a Chinese trying to get in. Thus it is suggested to the principals that they need to exercise greatcare, not only to save their lives from their enemies, but also to avoid arrest on charges of seeking their own lives.

### AN END TO THE SOLID SOUTH

NOTABLE REPUBLICAN GAINS IN THE OLD SLAVE STATES.

DELAWARE, MARYLAND, WEST VIRGINIA AND KENTUCKY FOR M'KINLEY-DEMOCRATIC' LOSSES IN VIRGINIA, MISSOURI, TEN-

NESSEE AND NORTH CAROLINA. One of the most striking features of Tuesday's Republican triumph is the decisive breach made by the Republican forces in the Solid South. No Scuthern or Border State has been carried for a Republican Presidential candidate since 1876, when Florida, Louisiana and South Carolinathen still in a measure under Federal military control-cast their votes for R. B. Hayes. In each Presidential election since then strenuous efforts have been made by the Republican managers to break the lines of sectional coalition which threatened more and more to array North against South in an unwholesome and unnatural political rivalry. But though again and again the margin of failure has been tantalizingly narrow-as when Virginia was lost in 1888 by but 1,534 votes and West Virginia by but 506-the ties of prejudice and Bourbonism which held the Southern and Border States together as a political unit could never be quite severed.

This year the revolt within the Democratic ranks against the elements which captured the party machinery and perverted party principles at Chicago has apparently opened the way to the swift and certain dissolution of this long invincible sectional alliance. Republican victories in Delaware, Maryland, West Virginia and Kentucky have shaken the whole fabric of Southern political power, while marked Republican gains in Tennessee, North Carolina, Virginia, Missouri, Florida and Texas point with equal conclusiveness to the speedy dissolution of that sectional league which for twenty years past has acted as a check on the natural development of American politics. Of the 159 electoral votes which this coalition so long controlled, 30 were given on Tuesday to the Republicain candidates for President and Vice-President, while the net Republican gain in votes in the whole group, over 1888 and 1892, can be reckoned at over 350,000.

Delaware, the first of the four Border States which have now joined the Republican column, casts about 40,000 votes. Democratic Presidential pluralities have always been small. That of 1888 was 3,441; that of 1892 was only 514. Major McKinley's plurality of Tuesday last is put at 2,600-a gain over 1802 in this small State of 3,114 votes.

Maryland's Presidential vote this year shows an extraordinary reversal of political opinion. The normal Democratic plurality has been about 12,000, and, though in 1888 Mr. Cleveland's margin over General Harrison fell to 6,182, it rose again in 1892 to 21,130. On Tuesday the Republican electoral ticket swept the State by a plurality of 30,872-a gain since 1892 of 52,-000 votes. All six Representatives in Congress chosen were also Republicans.

West Virginia has been a close State politically for many years, and in 1888 was almost carried ever into the Republican column. Four years ago Mr. Cleveland's plurality was about normal -1.176. This year Major McKinley will have a plurality of over 12,000-a gain or 16,000 votes.

Kentucky will probably be found to be Reablican on the official count by about 1,000 durality. Four years ago the Democratic plurality for President was 40,020, while in 1883 it was 58,666. The net Republican gain since 1892 is therefore about 41,000 votes.

Other Southern States which have apparently

Other Southern States which have apparently given their electoral votes to Mr. Bryan show similarly important Republican gains. Tennessee, which is now claimed for Bryan by a plurality of 10,000, gave Cleveland in 1892 a plurality of 10,000, gave Cleveland in 1892 a plurality of 33,504. North Carolina, which will probably give Bryan its electoral vote by a margin of 10,000, went Democratic four years ago by 32,605. Missouri, now claimed for Bryan by perhaps 35,000, gave Cleveland in 1892 a plurality of 41,482. In Virginia four years ago Cleveland beat Harrison by 50,841. The State has gone for Bryan this year, apparently by a margin of something like 20,000 votes.

These figures, however, do not disclose the full sweep of Republican advance in the South; for four years ago in all these States but Delaware, Maryland and West Virginia, a large Populist vote was polled for President, which this year has gone to Bryan under the terms of Democratic-Populist Fusion. If General Weaver's vote is added, as it should be, to the opposition strength of four years ago, the Republican gains this year over 1892 for the several States would stand as follows: Kentucky, 74,520; Tennessee, 42,000; North Carolina, 67,000; Missouri, 47,000; Virginia, 42,050. The net Republican gain in rginia, 42,950. The net Republican gain is ese eight Southern and Border States of Dela ware, Maryland, West Virginia, Kentucky, Missouri, North Carolina, Tennessee and Virginia tuble which shows the Presidential pluralities for 1888, 1892 and 1896 in the eight States above

mentioned:			
	1888.	1892	1896.
Delaware	3.441 (D.)	514 (D.)	2 630 (R.
Maryland	6.182 (1).5	21,130 (D.)	30.872 /R.
West Virginia	500 (T).)	4.174 (D.)	12,000 (1)
Kentucky	58 000 (1).1	40.020 (D.)	1.000 (R.
North Carolina	18.218 (D.)	32.005 (D.)	10,000 db
Missouri	25,701 (D.)	41,482 (D.)	35,000 (D)
Tennessee	19,791 (D.)	33,504 (1).)	15,000 (D
Virginia		50,841 (D.)	20,000 (D.

In South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Missis-sippi, Louisiana and Arkansas, where all efforts to push a sound-money campaign were consid-ered hopeless, little change is noticeable in the Presidential vote. Florida and Texas are likely also to show considerable Republican gains, but returns from these States are at present too vague to furnish a satisfactory basis for com-

# THE LVTH CONGRESS.

A REPUBLICAN PLURALITY OF EIGHTY TWO IN

THE HOUSE. THE SENATE EXTREMELY CLOSE. Late returns from the few States still in dispute leave the Republican plurality in the House of Representatives at 82, with a clear party majority over both Democrats and Populists of 65. Two hundred and eleven Republicar Representatives have been elected, 129 Democrats and 17 Populists and silver men. The South Dakota Legislature has been captured by the silver fusion forces, and will probably return a Populist to fill Mr. Kyle's shoes. The Republi-can strength in the Senate after March 4 may therefore stand at 44-one less than half the membership of the body. There may be 30 Silver Democrats, 4 Sound Money Democrats, 7 Populists, and 5 silver men. The sound-money forces will probably be in a bare majority. Appended is a table giving the representation in the next House by States:

Ren Dom Pop. or

	Rep.	Dem.	Silver
Jabama	-	9	
rkansas	-	6	
alifornia	4	3	-
Storado	4/4	200	2
onnecticut	4		-
lelaware	200	1	-
Torida	-	- 2	-
corgua		11	
daho	200	-	1
llinois	19	3	
ndiana	2.0		-
OWA	11	-	-
Cansas	2	7 6	5
Centucky	•	7	-
ouisiana	-	6	-
faine	•	-	-
daryland	6		-
dassachusetts	12	1	-
dichigan	10	2	
dinnesota	7	- 1	-
dississippi		7	-
dissouri	. 5	10	-
dontana			1
Cebraska	2	2	1 2
	-		1
ew-Hampshire	2	-	-
New-Jersey		10	-
North Carolina	3	5	-
North Dakota	î	1	5
Oblo	15	72	-
regon	- 25		-
ennsylvania	97		-
thode Island	- 2		-
South Carolina		-	200
South Dakota	9	100	700
ennessee	2 2	10 10 10	
exas	ī	12	1
tah			
Vermont	2		
irginta	2	-	No. Office
Vashington	200	2	1
West Virginia	. 4	-	-
Visconsin	10	-	-
Nyoming	-/	1	444
Totals	211		-
Control Parenting Control of Accounts	211	120	17
tepublican plurality	*******		· · · · S.
depublican majority			6

**BROWN'S** 

BRONCHIAL

of voice, Coughs, Irritation

etc., occasioned by cold or **TROCHES** Sold only in boxes. Price

WESTCHESTER'S DECISIVE VOTE.

INSPECTORS NEED AN OVERHAULING, BUT THE RESULT IS SATISFACTORY. It has been matter for astonishment to not

few people that Westchester County should be among the last in the Empire State to have frankly declared estimates of the election returns prepared for public information. The facts of the case, as gathered yesterday by a reporter for The Tribune, wno visited White Plains, show that that is due in part to the election inspectors, and partly to the long distances that messengers have to travel with the returns. At the present time only two districts are wanting. One is a district in North Salem, and the other, stranger still, in Mount Vernon. The name of the last-mentioned district ould not be ascertained. Charles J. Decker, special deputy county clerk, disclatmed responsibility for delay on the part of the office, his chief, Leverett F. Crumb, not being at the office. The County Clerk had sent out the usual envelopes and blanks, with instructions to inspectors of election to fill

Clerk had sent out the usual envelopes and blanks, with instructions to inspectors of election to fill them out and return them as certified copies of the official returns which were sent in scaled for the use of the supervisors of elections in making the official count. In one instance the inspectors had inclosed the tally sheet of the poil in the unofficial envelope, and this, together with some other circumstances of the election, seemed to indicate the necessity for a radical reform in the choice of inspectors. Ballots, defective and other wise, and blank, had been returned in all sorts of shapes, and were piled thick on the desk of the deputy, there to await the final action of the officials of last resort.

In charge of the count were Deputy County Clerk James M. Mooney, Douglas Murray and Edward Hirsch, and they have been working almost without cessation on the returns as fast as they arrived. The last one to reach the office came from one of the districts in North Salem. The messenger had to ride eight miles in a carriage and then twenty-five miles or more in a train, and his envelope was placed on file yesterday morning about 10 o'clock. Here are the returns on the principal candidates as reflecting the main issues of the campaign, although it may be remarked in advance that the Republican ticket was triumphant: 

Bryan	
McKinley's plurality	7.414
McKinley's plurality	5): INCOME
FOR GOVERNOR.	
Black (R.)	. 18,009
Griffin (N. D.)	. 337
Smith (Peo.)	450
Balkam (Soc.)	-
Black's plurality	. 6,753
LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR.	
LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR.	. 18,681
Woodruff (R.)	
data-not (II)	4 4 4 4 7 7 7 7
Intimat (Deat	
Schraub (Peo.)	
Woodruff's plurality	6,778
FOR CONGRESS.	
POR CONSTRUCTOR	17,693
William L. Ward (R.)	
Eugene B. Travis (D.)	1,111
James V. Lawrence (N. D.)	316
James H. Hardy (Peo.)	
Lucien Sanial (Soc.)	
Ben L. Fairchild (I. R.)	-
Ward's plurality	5,856
FOR ASSEMBLY.	
Int District:	e 100
Ist District: Smith (R.)	
Stilwell (D.)	
Chadeayne (Soc.)	301
	4 710
22 115 - 215 m 1	A
Eberle (Soc.)	140
IIIA District:	4 649
Husted (R.)	4 000
	*** 163
POP COUNTY TREASURER.	
	17, Htm
John Hoag (D.)	12,315
James Wilkinson (Pro.)	
James Wilkinson (Pro.)	464
Hobert A. Fones (Soc	DT
FOR JUSTICES OF THE SUPREME COU	
Garret J. Garretson (R.)	18.575

A GERMAN TWICE TRIES SUICIDE, .

COME HERE TO REGIN LIFE ANEW. Cast off by his parents as a ne'er-do-well and a spendthrift, Leo von Waltzdorf, twenty-seven years old, arrived in New-York City four weeks ago by way of the Hamburg-American Line of steamships. He was tall, athletic looking, and had a handsome Tentonic face. He was a graduate of Halle Uni-

versity, in Germany.
When you Waltzdorf first arrived, he determined that he would begin life anew. It was in vain that he went from place to place, as his mability to speak English precluded him from obtaining situation. Meanwhile, his slender supply of money gave out, and all day Wednesday he walked around the city without a cent and with nothing to cat as he was too proud to beg. He slept all Wednes. day night in Central Park, under a tree that sheltered him somewhat from the rain.

Wet, cold and despondent, when he awoke yes terday morning, he determined to end all his troubles by killing himself. He started for the lower reservoir, and, climbing the fence, was just about to leap into the water when Watchman John McManus, who patrols about the lower reservoir, ame along and spied him.
"Hi, there!" shouted McManus. "What are you of the Gerry Society.

"In the water is peace," shouted von Waltzdorf

in German, as he pointed to the water. McManus jumped over the fence and grappled with von Waltzdorf. He finally succeeded in induc-

ng the man to climb back over the fence, and ther watched the despondent German walking down the "That fellow will bear watching," said McManus to himself, and accordingly for half an hour h

to himself, and accordingly for half an hour he tramped in the rain after von Waltzdorf. At the expiration of that time von Waltzdorf had again reached the spot where he attempted to kill himself, and he again jumped over the fence.

McManus was after him, and this time was not a second too scon, as he grabbed the would-be suicide just as he was about to jump into the water. The watchman is a much smaller man than von Waltzdorf, and the German struggled desperately to escape. For five minutes they fought along the bank, and finally help came to McManus when two citizens and Policeman James E. Bageley ran up and helped to subdue the German.

Bageley and McManus took von Waltzdorf to Yorkville Court, and there he was arraigned before Magistrate Cornell on a charge of having attempted suicide, and held in 50) for trial.

DR. JORDAN STARTS FOR WASHINGTON. Stanford Universitý, Cal., Nov. 5.-Dr. David S Jordan started this evening for Washington, where he will present a statement to the members of President Cleveland's Cabinet in regard to the sealng in Behring Sea, and suggestions from a scien tific standpoint of the disastrous results of such sealing. Dr. Jordan is hopeful that the Government will at once arrange with Great Britain for some method of suppressing illegal sealing. He states that the English scientists and commission eraces that the English scientists and commissioners with whom he has discussed the subject agree that some international plan should be adopted immediately. It will be several weeks before Stanford University's president will be able to return to California.

#### BUSINESS EMBARRASSMENTS. Philadelphia, Nov. 5 .- John B. Brenniser, trading

as J. B. Brenniser & Co., woollen dealers, to-day made an assignment to John F. McCracken. The he liabilities are placed at about this amount. dually and trading as the Nescochague Manu radially and training as the resconding to standard an assignment to-day to Frederick M. Leonard. The liabilities are estimated at \$120,000, and it is believed the assets will probably meet this amount.

Enginess depression is given as the cause of the

A LARGE SUM FOR FOREIGN MISSIONS. Rochester, N. Y., Nov. 5 .- The final session of the ionary Society was held this morning at Monroe Avenue Church. The most important item of bush eas was the presentation of the amounts which each branch of the society will collect and disburse during the ensuing year. These amounts aggre-gate \$37,309 45. Parting addresses were made by Dr. J. T. Gracey and the Rev. W. D. Platt, after which the society adjourned to meet at Denver building annexed. Business men's lunch counter. St. Which the Denis Hotel, 796 Broadway.

Invaluable for clearing and | THETRIUMPHANT CHAIRMAN

MR. HANNA, WHO RETURNS TO THE CITY, ISSUES A STATEMENT.

SATISFIED THAT M'KINLEY WILL HAVE AT LEAST 265 ELECTORAL VOTES-A PLURALITY OF MORE THAN 1,000,000.

Marcus A. Hanna, chairman of the Republican National Committee, reached this city yesterday forenoon. He came directly from Cleveland, and looked worn with the hard work of the campaign, although he was exceedingly cheerful. He explained his tired appearance by saying that it wasn't the work of the campaign so much as it was being up the last few nights. "I was up all night Tuesday night," he said with a slight laugh and now that it is all over and McKinley's elected I have been pretty busy receiving congratulations upon the victory." He went to the Waldorf, where he has apartments, and shortly afterward vis-ited Republican headquarters in the Metropolitan Life Building and spent the greater part of the

Mr. Manley, Mr. Scott, Mr. Hobart, Mr. Bliss General Clayton, General Osborne and all others who have been directing the campaign from the East were on hand to meet Mr. Hanna. They gathered in his room and an executive session was held. At its close, about 2 o'clock, Mr. Hanna made the following formal statement, which he

Sufficient returns have been received to satisfy

me that the following McKinley and Hobart	without a doubt:
California	o New Investor
Connecticut	A New York
Delaware	3 Obio
Illinois	AND STREET OF STREET
Indiana	15 Pennsylvania
lowa	19 Televio Intabil
Maine	6 South Dakota
Maryland	8 Vermont
Massachusetts	15 West Virginia
Minnesota	o Wisconsin
Michigan	14 Wyoming
North Dakota	3
New-Hampshire	4. Total20

Which insures their election by a majority of \$\ \text{S}\$ in the Electoral College if every other electoral vote goes against us.

Another most significant fact of this victory is that McKinley and Hobart's election has been secured by a plurality of over 1,000,000 of the popular vote—the largest ever given.

I am confident that we shall secure the other two electors in Wyoming, and the thirteen in Kentucky. North Carolina's eleven votes are in doubt.

Kentucky. North Caronias doubt.

The importance to the country of this result the importance to the country of this result cannot be overestimated, and is a matter of concarnot be overestimated, and patriotic citizens of the United States, incendiary utterances and pretended eighms which question the accuracy of tended eighms which question the public mind, this statement should not disturb the public mind, MARK A. HANNA, Chairman.

Chairman Hanna was seen last night at the Hotel Waldorf, and asked upon what grounds he based his claim to one electoral vote in Wyoming for Mc-Kinley. He smiled and replied: "Our claim is based on a telegram we received this afternoon from United States Senator Francis E. Warren, of Wyoming, stating that we were absolutely sure of one electoral vote, and that in all probability or one electoral view. we will also get the other two."

The chairman talked freely about the campaign.

"We put in much work in the middle West," said he, "and made the fight mainly upon the money issue and won upon that. The other side raised the issue of the classes and the masses. They abused me personally and designated me as the representative of the money power, the agent of the gold syndicate and so on. They thought they had the farmers upon the money issue and the laboring classes upon the creed of mass against class. The vote shows that neither one was takene when Mr. Hanna was asked about tariff legis-

lation he replied by telling a story. He said that at one time some one asked Lincoln how long a man's leg should be. Lincoln answered that he had often given that question mature deliberation, and he was of the opinion that a leg ought to be long he was of the opinion that a leg ought to be observed to reach to the ground. "That is the way with Major McKinley's tariff legislation," continued the head of the National Committee. "He is in favor of just so much protection as will chable us to compete with foreigners and protect our laborers, and no more. I think that will be found to be just what is asked for when Congress most?"

meets."

Mr. Hanna expressed himself as being highly nleased with the sudden revival of business and display of condidence on all sides. "The people are saised now, he said, and are are the have any wild financial legislation. We have the House, the Senate and the President. I think that business will steadily revive and every one will be senated."

first time since his election. He said that he didn't have a word to say except that he was proud of Mr. Maniey started for his home in Maine yesterday. His face was wreathed in smiles as he asked Mr. Hanna, "How about Maine?"

VOUNG FREES IN CUSTODY.

HE SURRENDERS, AND GIVES OUT A STATE-MENT DECLARING THAT HE DID NOT STAB M'GOWAN.

Peter Frees, the fourteen-year-old boy, who or Wednesday killed William McGowan, nine years old, by stabbing him below the heart with a penknite, and who has been in hiding since, was surrendered yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock by his lawyer, Morris Mayor, to Detectives Kenny and Dowling, of the West One-Hundred-and-twenty-fifth-st, station. He was taken by them to the station, and from there the boy was sent to the room-

While at the station young Frees gave out the following statement, which had been prepared by

his lawyer:

I. John Page, and four other boys started the build a goat-stable in the vacant lot, on Tenthave., between One-hundred-and-thirty-first and One hundred-and-thirty-second sts., on Tuesday after noon, and finished it Wednesday after school. John Page and I stood together after the work was done and I took out my penknife and began to clean my naits. Just then the two Metiowan boys, Eddle Dowling, a boy, nicknamed "Mike Dooley." Edd McAuliffe, and his brother Victor, came running by, chasing Mike Barry across the lot until they caught him. They struck him several times, and then came over to where John Page and I were standing.

"What are you fellows doing because."

then came over to where John Page and I were standing.

"What are you fellows doing here?" they said. We did not answer them. "Are you building a McKinley house." they said. They then picked up sand and threw it at us. It was in my eyes. Then they all rushed at us together. They knocked me down and Willie McGowan fell on top of me. I pushed them off and went on toward my home. I closed the knife and put it in my pocket. There was no blood on it. My mother was standing on the stoop, and called me in to have supper. I did not know I had stabbed anybody. While I was eating supper, Mrs. Page (the janitress of the house) came in and told my mother to hide me, that Wille McGowan was dead in the hospital.

Here Young Frees's eyes filled with tears and his yolce was choked with deep emotion, which he

olce was choked with deep emotion, which he voice was choked with deep emotion, which he valuly tried to subdue. He continued:

I told my mother all of the story, and she believed me. Then a policeman came, but I hid on the fire escape and my mother told him I was not at home. After he had gone away my mother took me downtown on a cable-car. That's all I've got to

He refused to say where he had been hiding, as his lawyer, Mr. Mayor, had instructed him to sa nothing to the newspaper men more than what was in the statement. Deputy Coroner Donlin held an autopsy yesterday on the body of young Mcan autopsy yesternay on the body of young Mc-Gowan at the hospital, and found that he had died from a stab wound in the right ventricle of the heart. He gave a permit for the removal of the body, and it was taken to the home of Mrs Heaton, the dead boy's grandmother. The funers was held at No. 491 West Thirtieth-st. last night.

# MORE DIAMONDS DISAPPEAR.

AN ACTRESS AGAIN THE VICTIM-THE MANAGER THINKS THAT THEY WILL COME BACK.

Keen observers of the affairs of the stage have long since learned to view lest diamonds with sus-picion. It would be more exact, perhaps, to say diamonds are alleged to have been lost with sus picion. A clever press agent of an actress who never had a diamond in her life can so impress the loss of them upon her mind that she actually misses them. But there are really some things that have a genuine look about the story of lost diamonds that came from the Fourteenth Street Theatre yesterday.

The diamonds were set in an anklet, and that is

a novelty in itself. They belonged to Miss Ethel Knight-Moilison, who plays the part of a half-caste in "The Cherry Pickers." There is a place in the play where one of the men ties her shoe for ffer, and in the course of the rehearsals it was suggested that it would give a touch of local color

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House, the Senate and every one will be business will steadily revive and every one will be benefited."

The chairman paid a tribute to the Sound Money Democrats, and said that much of the credit for the victory was due to their hard work in the interest of McKinley. They were," he added, "important factors in the result. They worked as hard as we did for the same cause, and they acted as true men and patriots throughout. They were of great men and patriots throughout. They were of great assistance and deserve much credit. Most of them much assistance and deserve much credit. Most of them much assistance and deserve much credit. Most of them much assistance and deserve much assistance and deserve much credit. Most of them much assistance and deserve much credit. Most of them much assistance and deserve much assistance and deserve which had been in her family fer mond necklace which had been in her family fer mond necklace which had been in her family fer mond necklace which had been in her family fer mond necklace which had been in her family fer mond necklace which had been in her family fer mond necklace which had been in her family fer mond necklace which had been in her family fer mond necklace which had been in her family fer mond necklace which had been in her family fer mond necklace

gent search was made. The floor cloths of the stage were shaken and the pawnshops were hunted, but without result. Mr. Pitou still thinks that it has not gone far, and that his advertisement will bring it back.

It may be thought that this case is not important. Perhaps it is not, by itself. It is the condition of which it is one of the indications that is important. If diamonds go on slipping away from actresses in this fashion, the world's supply from actresses in this fashion, the world's supply of them will soon become depleted, and then stage diamonds will have to be used for crown jewels.

EARTHQUAKES IN ICELAND ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY FARMS

RUINED AND MANY CATTLE KILLED. MUCH MISERY AMONG THE PEOPLE-LOSS ESTI-MATED AT \$135,600-THE STORY OF

RECENT SHOCKS. London, Nov. 5 .- Advices received here show hat earthquakes were renewed in the southwestern part of Iceland on October 4. One hundred and fifty farms were ruined, a large number of cattle killed, and quantities of stored foods destroyed. There is much misery among the people, who are camping out under improvised shelters. The loss is estimated at 500,000 kroner (\$135,000). No loss of life is reported.

Iceland has recently been visited by a series of earthquake shocks, the most serious, with regard to the damage that has been done, that have occurred in this century. On the evening of August 36 the first shock occurred, and it was followed by another, somewhat less severe, the next morning. These shocks were felt over the whole southwest of the island, but were most violent in the district of Rangarvalla Syssel, which lies directly to the south of Hekla. In that district fifty-five farmhouses, with the adjacent outbuildings, were levelled with the ground. These, like most of the Icelandic farmhouses, are built of turf and stone, without lime or cement, and with a weak wooden framework, and consequently they at once yield to an earthquake shock of any violence. None of part of the country were overthrown, or even s ously damaged. No loss of life was occasioned by this earthquake, although there were some narrow escapes; but a number of cattle and sheep were crushed or suffocated in the ruins of the cattle crushed or suffocated in the ruins of the cattle houses, or under the landslips which, in various places, occurred in the open.

Occasional tremors were felt during the following days, but nothing serious happened until the night of September 5, when another violent shock occurred with even more disastrons officer. This

occurred, with even more disastrous effects. This time the seat of the disturbance was altered. Rangarvalla Syssel was comparatively little affected, but the most damage was done in the adjacent districts to the westward, in Arnes Systel. Over one hundred farmbounce with their authuld. jacent districts to the westward, in Arnes 5)%
Over one hundred farmhouses, with their outbulings, were thrown down or seriously damaged; a was the loss on this occasion confined to proper An aged couple lost their lives, being smother in the ruins of their house. Fortunately, the fir shock, between 10 and 11 o'clock on the night september 5, wakened most of the inhabitants the district and drove them out of their houses, that the inmates were out of danger when the thin the shock, about four hours later, converted the hulldings into heaps of ruins.

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